



## **Tobromycin Injection USP 20mg/2ml**

### **Taj Pharma**

Tobromycin Injection USP 80mg/2ml Taj Pharma

Tobromycin Injection USP 1.2g/30ml Taj Pharma

#### **Package leaflet: Information for the user**

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start using this medicine because it contains important information for you.

#### **Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.**

If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or nurse.

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

#### **What is in this leaflet?**

1. What Tobramycin is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you use Tobramycin
3. How to use Tobramycin
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Tobramycin
6. Contents of the pack and other information

#### **1. What Tobramycin is and what is it used for**

Tobramycin is an antibiotic medicine (used to fight infections caused by bacteria). Tobramycin can be used to treat:

infections of the brain and spinal cord, e.g. meningitis  
infections of the stomach or intestines  
infections of the bladder or kidney (urinary tract infection)  
infections of the lungs, e.g. pneumonia  
infections of the bone, skin or soft tissue including burns

#### **2. What you need to know before you use Tobramycin**

Tobramycin must never be injected intrathecally (into the spine).

Do not use Tobramycin

if you are allergic to tobramycin or similar medicines called aminoglycosides or

any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6). Tell your doctor if the above applies to you before this medicine is used.

#### **Warnings and precautions**

Talk to your doctor or nurse before using Tobramycin

if you have muscle disorders, such as myasthenia gravis (a disease in which the muscles become weak and tire easily) or parkinsonism (a disease of the brain which affects movement)

if you have kidney trouble

### **Children**

Special care is also needed if this medicine is to be given to babies or infants less than 6

weeks of age, or patients with extensive burns.

### **Other medicines and Tobramycin**

Tell your doctor or nurse if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines.

Special care is needed if you are taking/using other medicines as some could interact with Tobramycin , for example:

- some other antibiotics (e.g. cephalothin)
- amphotericin B (a medicine used to treat fungal infection)
- some diuretics (water tablets)
- medicines used as general anaesthetics
- medicines used as muscle relaxants during general anaesthesia
- cisplatin (anti-cancer medicine)
- ciclosporin (a medicine that reduces the activity of the body's immune system)
- neostigmine and pyridostigmine (medicines used in the treatment of muscle weakness)

### **Pregnancy, breast-feeding and fertility**

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor for advice before taking this medicine.

There may be a risk of birth defects if this medicine is used during pregnancy. Some children whose mothers took a similar medicine (streptomycin) have been born deaf. It will only be used if the potential benefits clearly outweigh the risks.

### **Driving and using machines**

Do not drive or use machines if you experience any side effect (e.g. dizziness or drowsiness) which may lessen your ability to do so.

**Tobramycin Solution for Injection contains sodium metabisulphite and sodium** Tobramycin contains sodium metabisulphite. May rarely cause severe hypersensitivity reactions and bronchospasm

Tobramycin contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per vial, that is to say essentially 'sodium free'.

### **3. How to use Tobramycin**

This medicine is given by injection (using a syringe) into a muscle or a vein, or infusion (drip) into a vein. If it is given as an infusion it will be diluted before use. It will then be infused over a 20 to 60 minute period.

Dose

Your doctor will work out the correct dose of Tobramycin for you and how often it must be given.

The dose will depend on your medical condition, your size, how serious the infection is, your age and how well your kidneys are working. Your doctor will tell how well your kidneys are working using blood or urine samples.

Treatment normally lasts for 7 to 10 days. If you take tobramycin for more than 10 days or take more than the recommended dose, you may experience more severe side effects.

These include dangerous breathing difficulties, which could also occur if you do not drink enough fluid, if you have poor kidney function or if you are taking other drugs that can affect your hearing.

Your doctor may take regular blood samples to ensure you are receiving the correct dose.

#### **If you are given too much or too little Tobramycin Injection**

This medicine will be given to you in a hospital, under the supervision of a doctor. It

is unlikely that you will be given too much or too little, however, tell your doctor or nurse if you have any concerns.

#### **4. Possible side effects**

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

If any of the following happen, tell your doctor immediately:

- severe allergic reaction - you may experience a sudden itchy rash (hives), swelling of the hands, feet, ankles, face, lips, mouth or throat (which may cause difficulty in swallowing or breathing), and you may feel you are going to faint
- loss of hearing
- ringing, buzzing or roaring noise in your ears
- dizziness
- vertigo (a feeling that you or your surroundings are spinning)
- numbness or pins and needles
- muscle twitching
- convulsions

These are serious side effects. You may need urgent medical attention.

**If any of the following happen, tell your doctor as soon as possible:**

- fever (high temperature)
- rash or development of raised coloured blotches
- scaly skin
- itching
- feeling or being sick
- headache
- feeling tired or drowsy

- pain at the injection site
- confusion and disorientation
- diarrhea

Tobramycin may lead to changes in your blood cells and liver and kidney function. Your doctor may take blood samples to monitor for these. Your doctor may also check for hearing problems.

Some patients who have received an injection of tobramycin into the eye have experienced serious vision problems. This is not a recommended use of this medicine.

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or nurse.

### **5. How to store Tobramycin**

Keep this medicine out of sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the vial label and carton after 'EXP'. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Do not store above 25°C. Keep the vial in the outer carton in order to protect from light.

Unused portions of opened vials must not be stored for later use.

Prepared infusions should be used immediately, however, if this is not possible they can be stored for up to 24 hours provided they have been prepared in a way to exclude microbial contamination.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. These measures will help protect the environment.

### **6. Contents of the pack and other information**

#### **What Tobramycin injection contains**

The active substance is tobramycin. Each millilitre (ml) of solution contains 40 milligrams (mg) of tobramycin.

The other ingredients are sodium metabisulphite, disodium edetate, sulphuric acid and water for injections (see section 2) Tobramycin solution for injection contains sodium metabisulphite and sodium).

#### **What Tobramycin Injection looks like and contents of the pack**

Tobramycin is a clear colourless solution for injection presented in glass containers called vials.

It may be supplied in packs containing:

5 x 40 mg/1 ml vials

5 x 80 mg/2 ml vials



1 or 5 x 240 mg/6 ml vials.

Not all packs may be marketed.

**7. Manufactured in India by:  
TAJ PHARMACEUTICALS LTD.**

Mumbai, India

Unit No. 214.Old Bake House,

Maharashtra chambers of Commerce Lane,

Fort, Mumbai - 400001

at:Gujarat, INDIA.

Customer Service and Product Inquiries:

1-800-TRY-FIRST (1-800-222-434 & 1-800-222-825)

Monday through Saturday 9:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m. EST

E-mail: [tajgroup@tajpharma.com](mailto:tajgroup@tajpharma.com)